



DIVISION OF
ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT
PLAN REVIEW | PERMITTING | ENGINEERING | CONSTRUCTION

**CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS FOR PRELIMINARY/FINAL SUBDIVISION PLAT
CHECKLIST**

DATE: _____

PROJECT: _____

COUNTY PLAN FILE NUMBERS: _____

DESIGN FIRM: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: To be completed by the applicant. It is to be signed by the appropriate design professional with the initial document submittal. Indicate "N/A" for not applicable and "✓" for included. Subsequent checklist submittals will be at the discretion of the Deputy Director, Plan Review Department.

I. SUBMISSION DOCUMENTS

- A. Road Adequacy and Site Distance Worksheets/Accident Analysis and Mitigation Plan included _____
- B. Stormwater Management/Storm Drain Computations _____
- C. Geotechnical Report for Stormwater Management _____
- D. Letter of Permission for Offsite Disturbance _____
- E. Approval from MSHA, MDE (if applicable) _____

II. ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS – GENERAL INFORMATION

- A. **STANDARD TITLE AND SIGNATURE BLOCKS (ALL SHEETS)**
 - 1. Owner/Developer name, address and phone number _____
 - 2. Design Professional name, address, phone number, seal, signature, date _____
 - 3. Project name, zoning, tax map, election district, street address, parcel no. _____
 - 4. Planning file reference numbers, water & sewer contract numbers, etc. _____
 - 5. Washington County Plan Review Department approval block _____
 - 6. Engineers certification _____
 - 7. Developers certification _____
- B. **VICINITY MAP REQUIREMENTS (COVER SHEET)**
 - 1. Scale 1" = 2000', north arrow shown _____
 - 2. ADC Map Coordinates _____
 - 3. Two (2) Washington County Geodetic Coordinates shown and labeled _____

- 4. Site delineated _____
- 5. Major roads identified _____
- 6. Washington County Survey Control Shown on vicinity map _____

C. NOTES AND INFORMATION (COVER SHEET)

- 1. Washington County Standard General Notes for Preliminary Subdivision Plats _____
- 2. Site Analysis Data Sheet _____
- 3. Legend _____
- 4. Sheet Index _____

D. GENERAL SHEET INFORMATION (ALL SHEETS)

- 1. Plan scale 1" = 10' to 1" = 50' _____
- 2. Profile scale 1" = 5' vertical, 1" = 50' horizontal _____
- 3. Maximum drawing size = 24" x 36" _____
- 4. Minimum three (3) grid ticks with MD Grid Coordinates on plan sheets _____
- 5. North arrow _____
- 6. Match lines labeled and referenced _____
- 7. Profiles, details and cross-sections drawn to scale _____
- 8. Design Professionals seal, signature and date _____
- 9. Sheets numbered, consecutively; revisions noted with date _____

E. BASE INFORMATION ON ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLAN - PLAN VIEW

- 1. Existing Conditions
 - a. Streets – existing rights of way, property lines, property owners labeled, all easements, pavement width, and street names shown and dimensioned. _____
 - b. Existing Utilities – water and sewer, contract numbers, invert of existing storm drains at point of connection _____
 - c. Storm drains, size, material _____
 - d. Telephone, gas and electric lines and street lights (if available) _____
- 2. Proposed Conditions
 - a. Lots shown in solid line with lots numbered _____
 - b. Separate plan sheets for work within SHA right-of-way _____
 - c. Floodplain limits shown with sections and WSEL's _____
 - d. Wetland limits shown with buffers _____
 - e. Sensitive areas shown _____
 - f. Utility locations. _____

III. ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS – (DESIGN INFORMATION)

A. ROADS

- 1. Show proposed street alignments, right of way widths, pavement widths, intersection taper dimensions, speed control devices, cul-de-sacs with radius. _____
- 2. Provide horizontal curve data Delta, R, T, L and chord length and bearing, speed control device dimensions, deflection angles and radius for speed control devices _____

3. Show plus stations of centerline at 50-ft. intervals and all P.C., P.R.C., P.C.C. and P.T., centerline equalities at all street intersections, transitions for speed control devices and pavement transitions
4. Show beginning and end of road construction by stations. Stationing shall begin at the centerline of the intersecting road.
5. Show all curb fillet radii, as well as fillet PC and PT elevations and stationing
6. Show direction of flow, indicate by small arrows in the gutter line
7. Show tee or y-turnaround at terminus of the street with appropriate barricade detail
8. Show street tree locations and quantities, and any applicable easements
9. Provide location of curb and gutter transitions.
10. Show existing features including structures, floodplain, wetland, etc. within construction limits to be removed or retained.
11. Show and label auxiliary lanes and improvements to existing roadways dimensioned and stationed. Provide cross section details for all road improvements including road widening and auxiliary lanes at 50 foot intervals.
12. Show and label sidewalks and dimension.

B. STORM DRAINAGE (PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING)

1. Drains - located by centerline stationing, coordinates or dimensions.
2. Drains - size, type, class, length and flow direction shown.
3. Drains - structure numbered beginning at downstream end of system as per drainage area map.
4. Drainage easements for surface flow greater than 5 cfs.
5. Easements or fee simple transfers for storm drains, stormwater management, utilities and 100-year floodplain (check against record plat). Show off site easements.
6. Road drainage at tee or y-turnarounds with provisions for erosion control and outlet protection.
7. Driveway culverts with size and type shown for each lot.
8. Label and dimension outlet protection, denote material type and size, and reference x-section detail.
9. Swales labeled, proposed grading shown, lining denoted, x-section locations noted, detail referenced. Max. side slope to be 3:1 within public right-of-way.

C. ROAD PROFILES (1"=5' VERTICAL; 1" = 50' HORIZONTAL)

1. Show existing ground profile on centerline and left and right building restriction lines on profile. Check driveway grades and check for requirement of guardrails.
2. Profile grade line shown and location labeled.
3. Show all plus stations, intersections, etc., and give P.G.L. elevations and existing ground elevations every 50 feet (25 feet in vertical curve).
4. Label proposed slope and check against minimum and maximum slope
5. Provide vertical curve data (min. V.C. length = 100 feet):
 - a. P.V.I. Station and Elevation.
 - b. Length of vertical curve, PVC and PVT stations and elevations.

- c. Correction.
 - d. H.S.D. for sags and S.S.D. for crests.
 - e. Stationing and elevations for sump locations or crest locations.
6. When proposed paving is to be extended in the future, the profile grade line must be projected for a minimum of 400-ft off PL or beyond proposed pavement limits.
 7. Provide all intersection approaches.
 8. Cul-de-sac linear profile. (P.G.L. station and elevation every 25 feet.)
 9. Show critical utility crossing(s). Insure adequate cover
 10. Show design speed and road classification; label road name
 11. Provide curb (or edge of paving for open section roads) return profiles for all intersection fillets at 1"=2' vertical and 1"=20' horizontal

IV. STORM DRAIN PROFILE SHEET (1" = 5' vertical, 1" = 50' horizontal)

A. BASE DATA

1. Existing and finished ground line and/or pavement at centerline of storm drain shown.
2. Label road, pavement limits and right-of-way above profile

B. HYDRAULIC COMPLIANCE

1. Label size, type, class (if concrete) and grade of pipe quantity and velocity of design year flow; show partial velocity if pipe flow less than full (check minimum and maximum velocity)
2. Structures numbered and stationed (centerline to centerline)
3. Structure inverts labeled (Upstream & Downstream at each structure. Show size and inverts of all pipes at the structure(s))
4. 10-year Hydraulic gradient shown and labeled (top of pipe minimum.)
5. Show and label inlet and outlet channel protection, slope length, material type and class, d50, thickness V_{10} , Q10, 3' toe wall, geotextile fabric, show proposed grading beyond outlet channel protection.
6. When connecting to existing system show existing storm drain structures, inverts, slope, 10 year HGL.
7. For all swales and open channels provide hydrology and hydraulic computations for 10 year (100 year where required) post development conditions.

C. STRUCTURAL COMPLIANCE

1. Pipe checked for allowable maximum and minimum cover
2. The use of pipe anchors, concrete cradle, bedding, or encasement checked
3. Compacted backfill areas (per AASHTO T-180) identified and noted on plans
4. Show all utility crossings (Label ex: proposed, typed and size) and check clearance (1' minimum outside of pipe to outside of pipe)
5. Indicate where concrete bottom required for structures

V. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

A. ROAD DETAILS

- 1. Chart specifying paving type, road classification, design speed and limits by station for each road
- 2. Road widening detail (section) for existing roads
- 3. Details for each speed control device used
- 4. Details not covered by County Standard Specifications
- 5. Tree planting detail(s) (as applicable)
- 6. Work Zone Traffic Control Plan
- 7. Traffic control signage and striping plan
- 8. Road pavement section detail specifying applicable station location
- 9. Road section detail including adjacent drainage easements, tree plantings, sidewalk, pavement, C&G, swales, guardrail, swale and right-of-way limits - specify applicable station location

B. STORM DRAIN DETAILS

- 1. Details of non-standard structures required – no typicals allowed
- 2. Structure schedule specifying type, location, standard detail, top elevation, bottom elevation.
- 3. Pipe Schedule specifying size, type, class (if concrete) and total length of each
- 4. Typical riprap outlet protection detail and cross section
- 5. Channel/swale cross section details with treatment, quantity and velocity of flow, and depth of flow. Channel profile detail may be required.

VI. SUPPLEMENT DRAWINGS, INFORMATION

A. GRADING PLAN /SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL PLAN

- 1. Limit of disturbance shown.
- 2. Existing and proposed contours labeled.
- 3. Proposed drainage breaks labeled.
- 4. Proposed SWM and SD system shown.
- 5. Proposed Sediment and Erosion Control shown.

B. STORM DRAIN DRAINAGE AREA MAP (MAXIMUM SCALE 1" = 200')

- 1. Show and label proposed drainage system, pipe size and structure numbers include swales, road pavement, curb and gutter, proposed lot lines, proposed right-of-way lines, proposed easements, proposed building locations, existing building locations, existing topography to 200 feet from property line, existing water and sewer, existing down stream storm drain conveyance system, existing or proposed on site and offsite easements.
- 2. Label sub drainage areas to inlet structures and culverts; reference to design computations.
- 3. Provide runoff data. Show Tc flow path. Label sub area, "C" factor and percent of impervious area, (summary table may be used).
- 4. Label proposed contours, (consistent with grading plan).

2. Pond Summary Sheet (SCS MD-Eng14).
3. Maintenance Agreement, Legal Description (Metes & Bounds) and attached drawings (executed by property owner and signed and sealed by design professional).
4. SWM Drainage area maps, pre & post development drainage areas; including drainage divides, area in acres, time of concentration flow paths and land uses with corresponding acreage, proposed SWM facility, proposed and existing storm drain conveyance system.
5. USDA Soils map with site and drainage area delineated.
6. Storm drain plans including any site areas not draining directly into pond (must show safe conveyance).
7. Sensitive areas map showing floodplains, wetlands, forested areas, steep slopes greater than 25%, and rock outcrops.
8. Pond structure hazard classification (per SCS378).
9. Erosion & sediment control plan.
10. Site in conformance with preliminary plat and/or previous site plan requirements or comments.
11. Existing / proposed downstream drainage easement, statement regarding investigation of downstream effects (ability of downstream system to carry 10/25 year storm normal pond outflow).
12. Justify use of detention.
13. Bench mark shown on plans (datum per NAVD88 is preferable).
14. Coordinates shown on at least three monuments within the project area. Must be per NAD83 datum.

A. **HYDROLOGY**

1. Detailed narrative describing how stormwater management is addressed.
2. Pre-development RCN (TR-55 Worksheet #2).
3. Post-development RCN (TR-55 Worksheet #2).
4. Ultimate development RCN for off-site drainage area.
5. WQ_v , Re_v , Cp_v , Q_p & Q_f .
6. Pre-development TC (TR-55 Worksheet #3).
7. Post-development TC (TR-55 Worksheet #3).
8. Runoff hydrographs for 1,10, 25 & 100-year storms (acceptable methods: TR-20, TR-55, PSUHM).
9. Basin Routing: using storage indication, TR-20 PSUHM; for post & ultimate development conditions.
10. For drainage areas greater than 30 acres, provide HEC RAS model for proposed conditions. Identify cross section locations every 100 feet and show 100 WSEL for each cross section.
11. Other SWM Computations.
12. BMP Stage / Storage relationship.
13. BMP Stage / Discharge relationship (provide equations and cite references, include a graph plot for 10 yr conveyance; 100 yr where required).
14. Supply and channels sized using manning equation, limiting velocities checked for lining of ditches.
15. Anti-seep collar design.
16. Flotation analysis (factor of safety = 1.2:1).

17. Dam breach analysis (using SCS 378 method).
18. Downstream analysis of conveyance systems and hazards, include photos.
19. Routing storm through downstream development (if deemed necessary by Deputy Director).
20. Identify where SWM credits used (credit areas to be shown on plans).
21. Outfall channel protection design computations.

IX. GEOTECHNICAL ANALYSIS:

1. Geotechnical report (required for all sites / facility geotechnical report). Report shall include registration number, date and seal and signature of responsible design professional.
2. Geotechnical report recommends proposed SWM structure location is acceptable for proposed use.
3. Min. SWM Pond boring locations: borrow area, pond pool area, principle spillway, top of dam near abutment.
4. Boring logs with unified soil classification; blow counts, surface elevation of boring, depth gw encountered, fill areas identified, surface elevation. .
5. Note on plans, "If rock is encountered, undercut pond 18" and backfill with CL type soil".
6. Infiltration rate/in situ permeability test as per MDE 2000 Stormwater Design Manual for infiltration, bioretention, sand filters for soils below proposed facility.
7. Discussion of karst geology present.
8. Presence and location of existing sink holes.
9. Provide a note on plans, "Core trench and earth dam shall be compacted to a min. 95% max dry density".

X. SITE ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATION:

1. 100 year floodplain delineated on the plan (include FEMA Panel Number).
2. Non-tidal wetlands delineated.

XI. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS:

- A. **PLAN VIEW OF FACILITY (SCALE < 1" = 50'; I.E., 40', 30', ETC.)**
 1. Existing and final contours (1' or 2' intervals).
 2. Existing and proposed improvements.
 3. Ex. topography, contour labels, & site feature information extends a min. of 200' offsite.
 4. Existing and proposed property lines and rights-of-way, all adjacent property owners labeled.
 5. Locations of geotechnical borings.
 6. Outflow pipe, outlet protection (detail required), outfall channel to stable outfall.
 7. Emergency spillway outlet channel.

8. Proposed easements for ponding and/or pond slopes on private property.
9. Appropriate signature block for Engineering Plan Review approval.
10. Show minimum 15 foot setback from SWM facility toe of fill or top of cut to nearest property lines. Show minimum 25 foot setback from SWM facility outfall channel protection to nearest property lines.
11. Engineers certification of as-built conditions.
12. Landscaping plan / landscaping details / plant schedule/ plant notes
13. Rev, WQ_v, CP_v, 10-yr, 100-yr WSEL, permanent pool WSEL
14. Graphically identify all proposed non-structural credit areas.
15. Provide summary table identifying the are in acres, the required and provided Rev, WQ_v, C_p_v, Q_p10 and Q_p100 for each drainage area. In a narrative below the table summarize the type of facility used to achieve each of the above requirements.
16. For all public facilities show fee simple swm parcel, lot with a minimum 25-foot wide fee simple access from public right-of-way.
17. Maintenance access road a minimum of 10' wide with maximum cross slope of 4:1, maximum longitude slope of 15% no ditches may occupy the access easement area. Maintenance access must reach control structure and pond bottom. Maintenance access must reach forebay areas.
18. Maintenance easement area for private facilities delineated on the plan.
19. Maintenance schedule (shown on plans, ie. how often, minimum requirements).
20. Access entrance apron to be paved.
21. Existing and proposed utilities and utility easements
22. Show and label limits of pond forebay, forebay weir, forebay weir protection and reference detail.
23. Show and label principal spillway, control structure, limits of embankment fill stationed.
24. Limits of pond liner labeled (if applicable).

B. PUBLIC SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS:

1. Slopes – no steeper than 3:1 anywhere around pond.
2. For ponds with permanent pool, show and label under water safety bench.
3. Show & label 4' chain link fence required when pool depth is 4.0' or greater for the 100-yr storm.
4. Fence located 5' from SWM boundary the top or toe of slope, fence not permitted on berm.
5. Flared end sections (or headwall) on all pipes.
6. No trees or shrubs permitted on the embankment
7. Pond embankments (fill) planted with grass only (or approved perennial alternative)
8. Ponds > 8' deep (measured to 100-year W.S.E.) shall be benched within the ponding area 4' horizontally at 4' elevation intervals.
9. Ponds which pass the 100-year storm through the principal spillway shall include a token spillway 1' below top of dam, min. 8' width, located entirely within cut soils.

C. **PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY PROFILE AND ASSOCIATED DETAILS:**

- 1. SWM Existing and proposed ground:
 - a. Dam side slopes labeled. _____
 - b. Top width meets MD-378. top elevation – constructed and settled _____
 - c. Wave erosion protection (as directed by Deputy Director – Plan Review Department). _____
 - d. Minimum 1’ cover over top of spillway _____
- 2. Core Trench:
 - a. Bottom width (4’ minimum). _____
 - b. Side slopes (1:1 maximum steepness) _____
 - c. Depth minimum 4’, below the bottom of the dam. _____
 - d. Core trench extends to where 10-year water surface elevation ties into existing grade. _____
 - e. Core trench extends 4’ below principal spillway. _____
- 3. Principal Spillway:
 - a. Barrel must be circular or cast-in-place concrete box. _____
 - b. Identify type of material, arch, dia., slope, length, gauges, corrugations size & coating (if metal) _____
 - c. Pipe capable of imposed soil loadings _____
 - d. Minimum barrel size 12” (County policy, not MD-378). _____
 - e. Barrel dia. ≥ 36 ” requires use of concrete pipe. _____
 - f. Note on plans, “All pipe joints shall be watertight”. _____
 - g. Concrete cradle entire length of concrete pipe. _____
 - h. Grate over barrel outlet when barrel dia. ≥ 36 ” (use similar design as trash rack). _____
- 4. Riser structure (detail required):
 - a. Same material as the principal spillway pipe. _____
 - b. All dimensions required for construction. _____
 - c. Minimum difference in elevation between lowest orifice & barrel invert > 0.1 ’ _____
 - d. Trash rack: removable, minimum #4 rebar on 6” centers both ways, vertical bars on outside. _____
 - e. Trash rack must be 3-dimensional – no flat trash racks. Removable trash rack must be accessible during high water event. _____
 - f. Anti-vortex device (detail required if used). _____
 - g. Trash rack to be galvanized (hot dipped, not painted). _____
 - h. Principal spillway crest elevation at least 1’ below the emergency spillway elevation. _____
 - i. Principal spillway used as emergency spillway, meeting minimum of 3 s.f. flow area. _____
 - j. Riser does not control flow in orifice regime (transition from riser weir control to pipe control) without riser functioning as an orifice. _____
 - k. Design Elevation (s) _____
 - l. If a drawdown device is used for sediment control, provide the following note on plans, “*The drawdown device shall be removed after the site is stabilized and authorization is received from the MD Dept of the Environment & NRCS*”. _____
 - m. Low flow orifice to be anchored and supported. _____

- n. Show and label reinforcing.
- o. Provide key joint detail.
- p. Provide dewatering device, gate valve and stem (as applicable).
- 5. Anti-Seep Collars (detail required):
 - a. Size, increase seepage length by 15% of the outside of saturated pipe length.
 - b. Collars located at least 2' from a pipe joint.
 - c. Material and method of connection described.
 - d. Maximum collar spacing 14 times the minimum collar projection.
 - e. Minimum collar spacing 5 times the minimum collar projection.
 - f. Phreatic line (4:1 slope) measured from intersection of the dam and a horizontal projection of the 10-year water surface elevation.
 - g. Collar projection min. of 2' around pipe. Entire collar located within the phreatic zone.
- 6. Outfall Protection (detail required):
 - a. Outfall protection sized for principal spillway capacity.
 - b. Cross-section provided for the outfall channel at the barrel outlet and where the outfall meets existing contours (appropriate dimensions and elevations).
 - c. Outfall dimensions: geometric shape, slope, and lining.
 - d. Show 3' minimum deep rip-rap toe wall.
 - e. Median rip-rap MSHA class and size (d50).
 - f. Maximum rip-rap size ($D_{max} = d50 \times 1.5$).
 - g. Rip-rap thickness specified: minimum = $2.0 \times d50$.
 - h. Rip-rap laid on filter fabric. (specify filter fabric type)
 - i. Plunge pool or still basin detail (as required).
- 7. Elevations (including required freeboard):
 - a. Top of dam (constructed and settled).
 - b. Crest of emergency spillway (minimum of 2' below top of settled dam).
 - c. Water surface elevation for PP, WQ_v , Cp_v , 10 & 100-year storms.
 - d. If principal spillway is intended to pass emergency storm, min. freeboard shall be increased to 2'.
 - e. All control structure opening inverts
- 8. Cross-section Through the Dam Across Centerline:
 - a. Existing ground shown.
 - b. Top of dam (constructed and settled).
 - c. Location of emergency spillway shown completely in cut.
 - d. Minimum emergency spillway width $>8'$ with 3:1 side slopes.
 - e. Top of core trench to extend to elevate where 10-year WSEL ties into existing grade.
 - f. Bottom of core trench shown 4' below embankment fill and 4' below principal spillway structure.
 - g. Principal outlet barrel shown.
 - h. Location of said borings shown and labeled.
- 9. Profile Along Centerline of Emergency Spillway:
 - a. Located in a cut section.
 - b. Level control section provided (25' min.).
 - c. Minimum straight length of channel below the control section (ref. MD

- Std's & Specs for sediment & erosion control, section 18.16). _____
- d. Spillway crest elevation shown. _____
- 10. Construction Specifications: _____
- a. Earth fill: material, placement, compaction, and core trench. _____
- b. Pipe conduits. _____
- c. Concrete. _____
- d. Filter cloth, trash rack material _____
- e. Rip-rap and slope protection. _____
- f. Fencing (Wash Co. Std's & Specifications) with min. 12' gate opening. _____
- 11. Miscellaneous Items: _____
- a. Title Block. _____
- b. Inspector check off list / sequence of construction. _____
- c. Property line outline and owner information. _____
- d. Vicinity map. _____
- e. North arrow. _____
- f. Certifications: Owner / Developer; Designer; etc. _____
- g. Miss Utility note. _____
- h. Sealed by P.E. or Professional L.S. _____
- i. **NOTE:** All grading on lot, either before or after the construction of a dwelling or appurtenances, shall be the full responsibility of the lot owner. _____
- j. **NOTE:** No permanent structures (fences, sheds, play equipment, retaining walls) shall be permitted within any storm drainage easement either shown or described on the final plat of subdivision. _____

XII. SUPPORTING INFORMATION – UNDERGROUND DETENTION (one copy required):

- 1. Justify use of detention / underground structure _____
- 2. Structural calculations for pipe loadings _____
- 3. Flotation analysis for entire structure-factor of safety=1.2:1 _____
- 4. Pipe capable of imposed soil loadings _____

XIII. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS – UNDERGROUND DETENTION – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED:

- A. **PLAN VIEW OF STRUCTURE (scale <1"=50'; i.e. 40', 30', etc.)**
 - 1. Grit Chamber _____
 - 2. Minimum of one (1) access ports per storage pipe / chamber _____
- B. **DETENTION CHAMBERS DETAIL (section & profile):**
 - 1. Pipe must have a 48" minimum rise _____
 - 2. Pipe joints must be water tight _____
 - 3. Pipes laid on prepared subgrade with 12" gravel or sand bed _____
 - 4. Minimum 1.0' fill over pipe (or per manufacturers loading criteria) _____
 - 5. Concrete pipe Class III or HDPE _____
 - 6. Profile thru structures (s) showing CP_v 10, 100-year WSEL _____
- C. **STRUCTURE INLETS DETAIL:**
 - 1. Same material as detention chamber _____

- 2. Label top and bottom elevations. _____
- 3. Under drain required. Label pipe material and size. Min. slope 0.5%. _____
- 4. All bioretention facilities in karst areas to have clay or geosynthetic liner bottom and sides. _____

XVII. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS – OPEN CHANNEL SYSTEMS – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED:

- A. **PLAN VIEW OF STRUCTURE (scale $1''=50'$; i.e. 40', 30', etc.)**
 - 1. Pretreatment shown and labeled _____
 - 2. Under drain location (if applicable).. _____
- B. **SECTION & PROFILE DETAIL**
 - 1. Dimension and label bottom width, side slopes, top width, design storm WSELs. _____
 - 2. Dimension and label under drain pipe, material, size, slope, bedding material (if applicable). _____

XVIII. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

- 1. Check if additional comments have been attached. _____

Prepared by: _____
 Name (signed) Company Date

 Name (printed) Registration Number Telephone

Developer: _____
 Telephone